

February 1, 2024 – 8:30am CT

Earnings Conference Call Fourth Quarter 2023

Forward-Looking Statements and Non-GAAP Measures

We want to remind everyone that our comments may contain forward-looking statements that are inherently subject to uncertainties and risks, including general economic conditions and conditions in the particular markets in which we operate, changes in customer demand and capital spending, competitive factors and pricing pressures, our ability to develop and launch new products in a cost-effective manner, and our ability to realize synergies from newly acquired businesses. We caution everyone to be guided in their analysis of Dover Corporation by referring to the documents we file from time to time with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K, and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, for a list of factors that could cause our results to differ from those anticipated in any such forward-looking statements.

We would also direct your attention to our website, **dovercorporation.com**, where considerably more information can be found.

In addition to financial measures based on U.S. GAAP, Dover provides supplemental non-GAAP financial information. Management uses non-GAAP measures in addition to GAAP measures to understand and compare operating results across periods, make resource allocation decisions, and for forecasting and other purposes. Management believes these non-GAAP measures reflect results in a manner that enables, in many instances, more meaningful analysis of trends and facilitates comparison of results across periods and to those of peer companies. These non-GAAP financial measures have no standardized meaning presented in U.S. GAAP and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies due to potential differences between the companies in calculations. The use of these non-GAAP measures has limitations and they should not be considered as substitutes for measures of financial performance and financial position as prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Reconciliations and definitions are included either in this presentation or in Dover's earnings release and investor supplement for the quarter, which are available on Dover's website. We do not provide a reconciliation of forward-looking organic revenue and forward-looking free cash flow to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure because we are not able to provide a meaningful or accurate compilation of reconciling items. This is due to the inherent difficulty in accurately forecasting the timing and amounts of the items that would be excluded from the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure or are out of our control. For the same reasons, we are unable to address the probable significance of unavailable information which may be material.



Q4 2023 Key Messages

Q4 performance

- Proactively managed production volumes and working capital to drive strong cash flow and reset inventory balances going into 2024
- Another record high quarterly segment margin⁽¹⁾ on positive market conditions in certain secular growth-exposed businesses
- Solid bookings⁽²⁾ momentum; organic Y-o-Y growth for first time in 8 quarters
- Improving sentiment in biopharma; book-to-bill⁽²⁾ >1

Portfolio management

- Several recent accretive bolt-on acquisitions improve revenue mix with high-growth recurring and software revenue streams
- De-Sta-Co divestiture expected to close in Q1
- Ample balance sheet capacity to execute our strong acquisition pipeline or opportunistically return capital to shareholders

2024 priorities: return to top-line growth, maintain advantage in secular-growth markets, cost actions and margin improvement, capital allocation and portfolio enhancement

- Solid underlying demand across most end markets; customer inventory levels have largely reset, but expect volumes to start slower in H1 with gradual improvement
- Well-positioned to capture secular growth in CO₂, biopharma, data center cooling, heating electrification, and hydrogen and other markets
- In-flight cost actions and additional margin levers available
- Material capacity for capital allocation; ongoing focus on portfolio enhancement



Q4 2023 Performance Highlights

Organic Revenue⁽¹⁾

-3% Y-o-Y

All-in revenue declined 2%

Total Segment Earnings Margin⁽¹⁾

+100 bps Y-o-Y to 22.0%

Represents record-high quarterly margin

Free Cash Flow(1)

22% of Revenue

Up \$172M year-over-year

FY '24 Guidance

Organic revenue growth⁽¹⁾: +1-3% Y-o-Y

Adjusted EPS⁽¹⁾: \$8.95 - \$9.15, +5-7% excluding \$0.25 from tax reorganization actions

Organic Bookings⁽²⁾

+2% Y-o-Y

Quarterly Y-o-Y Organic Bookings Growth



Adjusted EPS(1)

+13% Y-o-Y to \$2.45

Q4 '23 includes planned benefits from tax reorganization actions

Portfolio Updates

Several recent acquisitions with recurring / software revenue Expect to close De-Sta-Co divestiture in Q1 '24



Summary Corporate Q4 and Full Year Results

		Q4 2023	FY 2023	Highlights
Revenue change (Y-o-Y)	All-in Organic ⁽¹⁾	-2% -3%	-1% -1%	 Q4 FX impact: +1%; acquisitions +1%
Bookings change (Y-o-Y)	All-in ⁽²⁾ Organic ⁽²⁾	+3% +2%	-4% -5%	• Q4 book-to-bill ⁽²⁾ : 0.94
Segment Earnings ⁽¹⁾	Margin % Y-o-Y bps Δ	22% +100 bps	21% +40 bps	 Q4 Segment Earnings⁽¹⁾ up \$14M Y-o-Y
Earnings	Reported Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	\$296M \$345M	\$1.1B \$1.2B	 Reported Q4 Y-o-Y change: +12% Adjusted⁽¹⁾ Q4 Y-o-Y change: +13%
Diluted EPS	Reported Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	\$2.11 \$2.45	\$7.52 \$8.80	 Reported Q4 Y-o-Y change: +13% Adjusted⁽¹⁾ Q4 Y-o-Y change: +13%
Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾ (% of)	Revenue Adj. Earnings ⁽¹⁾	22% 132%	14% 93%	• Q4 FCF ⁽¹⁾ up \$172M Y-o-Y



⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP measures (definitions and/or reconciliations in appendix)

⁽²⁾ See performance measures definitions in appendix

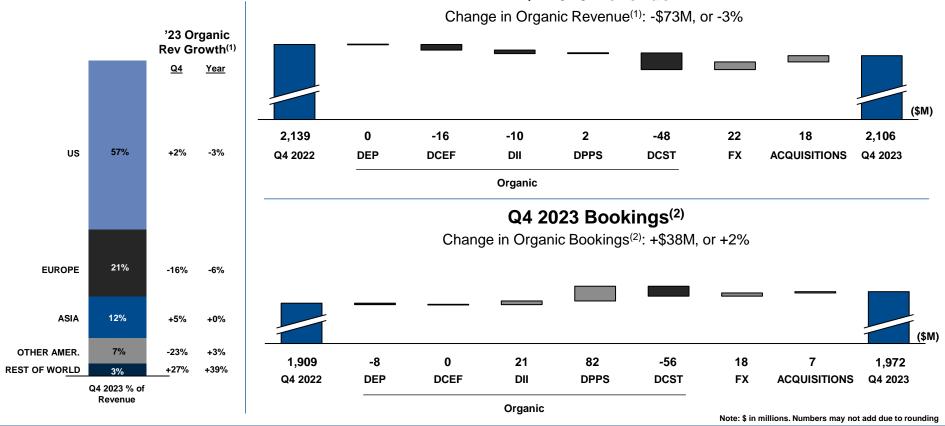
Segment Results

	Q4 2023		Q4 2023 FY 2023		
Segment	Revenue (\$M) / Y-o-Y Organic ⁽¹⁾ Δ %	Segment Earnings % / bps \(\Delta \text{Y-o-Y} \)	Revenue (\$M) / Y-o-Y <i>Organic</i> ⁽¹⁾ ∆ %	Segment Earnings % / bps \(\Delta \) Y-o-Y	Q4 Performance Commentary
DEP	\$529 Flat	22% +270 bps	\$2,005 -2%	19% +180 bps	 Strong volume in waste handling, industrial winches and aerospace & defense. Lower shipments in vehicle service in Europe and Asia Margin improvement on mix, price-cost, proactive cost containment and productivity
DCEF	\$449 -4%	18% -210 bps	\$1,788 <i>-4%</i>	18% -40 bps	 Growth in clean energy (cryogenics, hydrogen, LNG) and above-ground retail fueling equipment; destocking / interest rate headwinds in below-ground retail fueling equipment and hanging hardware, LPG components, and car wash Margin down on lower volumes and mix
DII	\$286 -4%	25% +30 bps	\$1,117 <i>Flat</i>	24% +50 bps	 Organic revenue decline against a difficult prior year comp. Growth in serialization software, lower volumes in Europe and Asia Margin up on product and geography mix
DPPS	\$445 +1%	27% -120 bps	\$1,756 -3%	28% -320 bps	 Strong growth in precision components and polymer processing; steady trends in industrial pumps; lower volume in biopharma with improving sentiment Margin decline on mix effect from higher non-biopharma volumes
DCST	\$398 -11%	18% +400 bps	\$1,779 +2%	17% +260 bps	 Volume declines in can-making equipment, heat exchangers (Europe, Asia), and return to normal seasonality in food retail cases with strength in CO₂ Robust performance in food retail on positive CO₂ mix and productivity drove segment margin accretion



Revenue & Bookings

Q4 2023 Revenue



⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP measure (definition and/or reconciliation in appendix)



⁽²⁾ See performance measure definitions in appendix

Full Year 2023 Free Cash Flow

\$M	FY '23	FY '22	Δ
Net Earnings	1,057	1,065	(8)
D&A	317	308	9
Change in working capital	130	(387)	517
Change in accrued and deferred taxes	(116)	(91)	(25)
Change in other (1)	(52)	(89)	37
Cash flow from operations	1,336	806	530
Capex	(193)	(221)	28
Free cash flow ⁽²⁾	1,144	585	559
FCF % of Revenue (2)	14%	7%	
FCF % of adj. earnings ⁽²⁾	93%	48%	

Q4 '23 FCF⁽²⁾ was 22% of revenue; +\$172M vs. prior year



Recent Investments Into Platforms with ~\$200M⁽¹⁾ in Revenue Drive **Portfolio to Higher Growth and Margins**

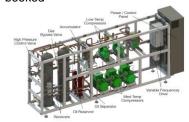
US CO₂ Systems

Recent Investments

- 100+% capacity expansion in US
- 40% capacity expansion in Europe

Market trends and Dover position

- Significant regulatory and energy-transition tailwinds; large retailers increasingly committing to refrigerant transition with CO₂ being a technology of choice
- >\$400M NA CO₂ TAM projected by 2028 with Hillphoenix a clear market leader
- Strong traction with customers. Several recent marquee banner wins; >50% of '24 booked



CO2 refrigeration system

Thermal Connectors

- New Class 8 clean room and R&D facility launched in '22
- >\$20M capex + R&D invested in '20-24
- Liquid cooling is gaining rapid adoption with advances in AI, edge and cloud computing which increasingly require liquid cooling due to power density
- CPC couplings and disconnects provide leakfree coolant distribution and serviceability
- Several recent high-profile specification wins, including with a leading GPU manufacturer and system integrator



Server tray with liquid cooling connectors

North America Heat Exchangers

- Property acquired in Q4'23 to support future growth
- New furnace, test, press line, auto assembly
- Brazed plate heat exchangers are more compact, energy-efficient and low-maintenance vs. alternative heat exchange technologies
- Refrigerant transition regulations driving displacement of legacy technologies
- NA market leader with localized production
- Strong traction in the US in commercial HVAC, CO₂ refrigeration, data center cooling, and district energy applications



Stylized district energy application

Revenue **CAGR**

17%

42%

18%





Strong FCF Performance Positions DOV to Continue Playing Offense on Capital Allocation

Priorities Commentary **Cash Flow and Capital Allocation Capacity** Annual Free Cash Flow(4) Capex of \$193M (2.3% of revenue) in 2023, down Invest >10% vs. 2022 1.6-1.8 **Organically** Significant capacity expansion projects and productivity investments completed 0.5 Net M&A(1) 1.1 Reshaping portfolio through additions and subtractions Acquisition Divestiture Net M&A 0.6 1.1-1.3 Spend '18-'24E Proceeds '18-'24E Investment(1) **DCEF** ~\$1.280 ~\$1.280 Grow through **DPPS** 2022 2023 2024E ~\$1.000 ~(\$30) ~\$970 **Acquisitions** DII ~\$210 ~\$210 FCF % of 48% 93% ~95% adi. earnings(4) **DCST** ~\$20 ~(\$250) ~(\$230) Year-End DEP ~\$170 ~(\$600) ~(\$430) 2.1x 2.0x $\sim 1.6x$ Leverage(2) Return 68th consecutive year of dividend increases in '23 Year-End \$0.8B \$1.1B >\$2.5B Capital Dry Powder(3)

⁽³⁾ Year-end dry powder defined as cash (in excess of \$300M minimum balance) plus leverage up to 2.5x. '24 is illustrative and assumes no further M&A or capital return beyond dividends

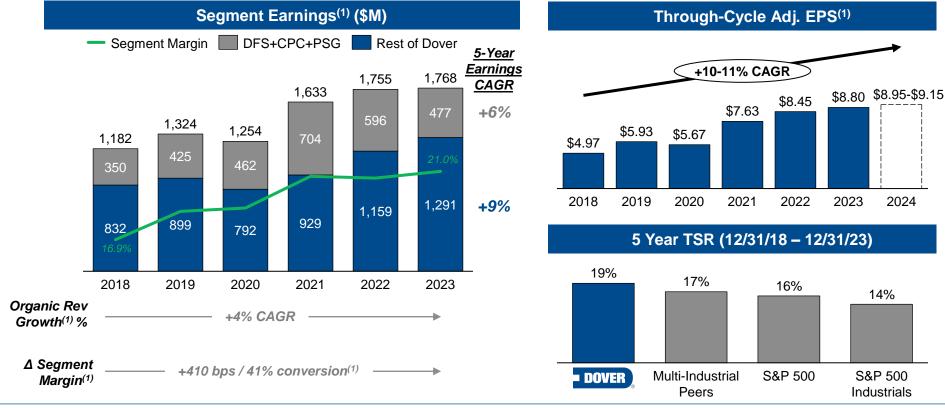




Aggregate impact of deals over 2018-24E on a cash-free and debt-free basis, including cont. consideration. Divestitures are net of cash taxes. 24E includes De-Sta-Co, Transchem

⁽²⁾ Total debt / adjusted EBITDA (Non-GAAP measure. See definition in appendix)

Strong Value-Creation Driven by Growth and Margin Improvement; Equipped With the Portfolio, Strategy and Levers to Drive Future Value





FY 2024 Guidance

Revenue Growth

• All-in 2% - 4%

• Organic⁽¹⁾: 1% - 3%

EPS and other

• GAAP EPS: \$7.90 - \$8.10

Adjusted EPS⁽¹⁾: \$8.95 - \$9.15

Effective Tax Rate: 20% - 21.5%

Cash Flow

Free Cash Flow⁽¹⁾: 13% - 15% of Revenue

Capex: \$160M - \$170M

Dollar/euro exchange rate: 1.10

Appendix



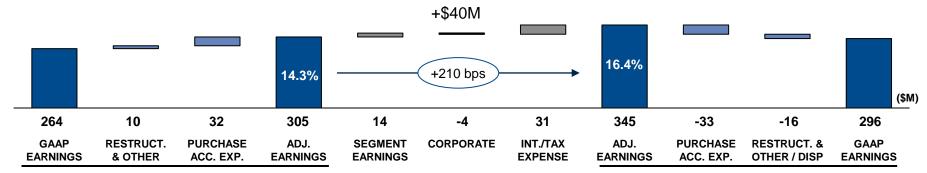
Q4 2023 Total Segment Earnings and Adjusted Net Earnings

Change in Total Segment Earnings⁽²⁾





Change in Adjusted Net Earnings⁽²⁾



Q4 2022

Note: \$ in millions. Numbers may not add due to rounding DOVER

Organic Revenue Bridges

		g					
				Revenue			
_	Q4 2023	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018
Organic							
Engineered Products	— %	(1.9)%	16.8 %	14.1 %	(10.3)%	5.4 %	6.6 %
Clean Energy & Fueling	(3.5)%	(4.0)%	(0.3)%	5.8 %	(8.8)%	10.5 %	9.9 %
Imaging & Identification	(3.5)%	0.2 %	2.9 %	8.0 %	(7.2)%	1.2 %	4.6 %
Pumps & Process Solutions	0.5 %	(3.3)%	4.1 %	26.6 %	(2.3)%	3.9 %	7.4 %
Climate & Sustainability Technologies	(10.9)%	2.4 %	18.5 %	22.0 %	(3.0)%	(2.7)%	(7.9)%
Total organic	(3.4)%	(1.5)%	8.8 %	15.3 %	(6.6)%	3.8 %	3.7 %
Acquisitions	0.9 %	0.9 %	4.2 %	1.3 %	1.0 %	0.8 %	0.5 %
Dispositions	— %	— %	(1.5)%	(0.2)%	(0.7)%	(0.5)%	(2.5)%
Currency translation	0.9 %	(0.2)%	(3.9)%	1.9 %	— %	(2.0)%	0.8 %
Total	(1.6)%	(0.8)%	7.6 %	18.3 %	(6.3)%	2.1 %	2.5 %
-							

Geographic Revenue Growth Factors

	Q4 2023	FY 2023
Organic		
United States	1.7 %	(3.0)%
Other Americas	(22.5)%	3.4 %
Europe	(16.1)%	(5.7)%
Asia	4.9 %	(0.2)%
Other	26.8 %	38.5 %
Total organic	(3.4)%	(1.5)%
Acquisitions	0.9 %	0.9 %
Currency translation	0.9 %	(0.2)%
Total	(1.6)%	(0.8)%



Organic Bookings Bridges

	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	FY 2023	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021
Organic (1)	(3.9)%	(12.2)%	(3.5)%	2.0 %	(4.6)%	(4.9)%	(7.6)%	(9.0)%	(18.0)%	26.5 %	61.2 %	24.8 %	22.2 %
Acquisitions	1.0 %	0.7 %	0.3 %	0.4 %	0.6 %	4.4 %	3.2 %	3.6 %	2.8 %	1.5 %	2.0 %	1.1 %	1.4 %
Dispositions	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	(1.4)%	(1.8)%	(1.7)%	(1.1)%	(0.3)%	— %	— %	(0.5)%
Currency translation	(2.5)%	(0.8)%	1.0 %	0.9 %	(0.4)%	(2.2)%	(2.9)%	(3.8)%	(3.5)%	3.0 %	5.0 %	1.3 %	(0.2)%
Total	(5.4)%	(12.3)%	(2.2)%	3.3 %	(4.4)%	(4.1)%	(9.1)%	(10.9)%	(19.8)%	30.7 %	68.2 %	27.2 %	22.9 %

Q4 2022 to Q4 2023 Revenue and Bookings Bridges

	Revenue Bridge by Segment					
(\$ in millions)						
	DEP	DCEF	DII	DPPS	DCST	Total
Q4 2022 Revenue	525	462	293	418	442	2,139
Organic Growth/(Decline)	0	(16)	(10)	2	(48)	(73)
FX	4	4	2	8	3	22
Acquisitions/ Dispositions	_	_	_	16	2	18
Q4 2023 Revenue	529	449	286	445	398	2,106

(\$ in millions)	Bookings Bridge by Segment							
,	DEP	DCEF	DII	DPPS	DCST	Total		
Q4 2022 Bookings	498	399	273	362	377	1,909		
Organic Growth/(Decline) (1)	(8)	0	21	82	(56)	38		
FX	4	2	3	6	2	18		
Acquisitions/ Dispositions	_	_	_	5	2	7		
Q4 2023 Bookings	495	401	297	455	326	1,972		

DOVER

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Total Segment Earnings and Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA

(\$ in millions)	Q4 2023	FY 2023	Q4 2022	FY 2022
Net earnings	296	1,057	264	1,065
Provision for income taxes	33	213	60	222
Earnings before provision for income taxes	329	1,270	323	1,288
Interest income	(5)	(13)	(1)	(4)
Interest expense	31	131	33	116
Corporate expense / other	46	151	42	135
Disposition Costs	1	1	_	-
Restructuring and other costs	19	64	12	39
Purchase accounting expenses	42	165	40	181
Total segment earnings	463	1,768	449	1,755
Total segment earnings margin	22.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	20.6 %
Add: Other depreciation and amortization (1)	37	147	35	138
Total adjusted segment EBITDA	501	1,916	484	1,893
Total adjusted segment EBITDA margin	23.8 %	22.7 %	22.6 %	22.2 %



Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Total Segment Earnings and Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA

(\$ in millions)	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018
Net earnings	1,124	683	678	591
Provision for income taxes	277	158	165	134
Earnings before provision for income taxes	1,401	842	843	725
Interest income	(4)	(4)	(5)	(9)
Interest expense	106	112	126	131
Corporate expense / other	156	119	142	115
Loss on assets held for sale	_	_	47	_
Disposition Costs	(206)	(5)	_	_
Restructuring and other costs	38	51	32	73
Purchase accounting expenses	142	139	138	146
Total segment earnings	1,633	1,254	1,324	1,182
Total segment earnings margin	20.7 %	18.8 %	18.6 %	16.9 %



Adjusted EBITDA

(\$ in millions)	FY 2023	FY 2022
Operating Earnings	1,366	1,379
Purchase accounting expenses	165	181
Restructuring and other costs	64	39
Disposition costs	1	_
Other depreciation and amortization	147	138
Corporate depreciation	6	8
Other income	21	20
Adjusted EBITDA	1,770	1,765



Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Adjusted Net Earnings and Diluted EPS to Adjusted Diluted EPS

	Q4 2023	FY 2023	Q4 2022	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018
Net earnings (\$)	296	1,057	264	1,065	1,124	683	678	591
Purchase accounting expenses, pre-tax	42	165	40	181	142	139	138	146
Purchase accounting expenses, tax impact	(9)	(37)	(9)	(42)	(35)	(34)	(35)	(37)
Restructuring and other costs, pre-tax	19	64	12	39	38	51	32	73
Restructuring and other costs, tax impact	(4)	(13)	(2)	(8)	(7)	(11)	(7)	(15)
Disposition costs, pre-tax	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	
Disposition costs, tax impact	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Gain on dispositions, pre-tax	_	_	_	_	(206)	(5)	_	_
Gain on dispositions, tax-impact	_	_	_	_	53	1	_	_
Loss on extinguishment of debt, pre-tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	24	_
Loss on extinguishment of debt, tax impact	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5)	_
Loss on assets held for sale	_	_	_	_	_		47	_
Tax Cuts and Jobs Act				(23)				(3)
Adjusted net earnings (\$)	345	1,237	305	1,213	1,109	824	872	756
Adjusted net earnings margin	16.4 %	14.7 %	14.3 %	14.3 %	14.0 %	12.3 %	12.2 %	10.8 %
Diluted EPS (\$)	2.11	7.52	1.87	7.42	7.74	4.70	4.61	3.89
Purchase accounting expenses, pre-tax	0.30	1.18	0.29	1.27	0.98	0.95	0.94	0.96
Purchase accounting expenses, tax impact	(0.07)	(0.26)	(0.06)	(0.30)	(0.24)	(0.24)	(0.24)	(0.24)
Restructuring and other costs, pre-tax	0.14	0.46	0.08	0.26	0.26	0.35	0.22	0.48
Restructuring and other costs, tax impact	(0.03)	(0.10)	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.10)
Disposition costs, pre-tax	0.01	0.01	_	_	_	_	_	
Disposition costs, tax impact	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Gain on dispositions, pre-tax	_	_	_	_	(1.42)	(0.03)	_	_
Gain on dispositions, tax impact	_	_	_	_	0.37	0.01	_	_
Loss on extinguishment of debt, pre-tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.16	_
Loss on extinguishment of debt, tax impact	_	_	_	_	_	_	(0.04)	_
Loss on assets held for sale	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.32	_
Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	_	_	_	(0.16)	_	_	_	(0.02)
Adjusted diluted EPS (\$)	2.45	8.80	2.16	8.45	7.63	5.67	5.93	4.97
Revenue	2,106	8,438	2,139	8,508	7,907	6,684	7,136	6,992
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	141	141	141	144	145	145	147	152



Reconciliation of Free Cash Flow and EPS to Adjusted EPS

	Free Cash Flow					
	202	2022				
\$ in millions	Q4	FY 2023	Q4	FY 2022		
Net cash provided by operating activities	516	1,336	339	806		
Capital expenditures	(61)	(193)	(55)	(221)		
Free cash flow	455	1,144	284	585		
Free cash flow as a % of revenue	21.6 %	13.6 %	13.3 %	6.9 %		
Free cash flow as a % of adjusted net earnings	132.0 %	92.5 %	93.1 %	48.2 %		

	Range			
2024 Guidance for Earnings per Share (GAAP)	\$	7.90	\$	8.10
Purchase accounting expenses, net			0.98	
Restructuring and other costs, net		0.07		
2024 Guidance for Adjusted Earnings per Share (Non-GAAP)	\$	8.95	\$	9.15



Non-GAAP Definitions

Definitions of Non-GAAP Measures:

Adjusted Net Earnings: is defined as net earnings adjusted for the effect of purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, disposition costs and gain/loss on dispositions.

Adjusted Net Earnings Margin: is defined as adjusted net earnings divided by revenue.

Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings Per Share (or Adjusted Earnings Per Share): is defined as diluted EPS adjusted for the effect of purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, disposition costs, gain/loss on dispositions, gain/loss on extinguishment of debt and gain/loss on assets held for sale.

Total Segment Earnings: is defined as sum of earnings before purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, corporate expenses/other, disposition costs interest expense, interest income and provision for income taxes for all segments.

Total Segment Earnings Margin: is defined as total segment earnings divided by revenue.

Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA: is defined as total segment earnings plus other depreciation and amortization expense, which relates to property, plant, and equipment and intangibles, and excludes amounts related to purchase accounting expenses, disposition costs and restructuring and other costs/benefits.

Adjusted EBITDA: is defined as operating earnings adjusted for the effect of purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, disposition costs, gain/loss on dispositions, other depreciation and amortization, corporate depreciation, and other income/expense.

Free Cash Flow: is defined as net cash provided by operating activities minus capital expenditures. Free cash flow as a percentage of revenue equals free cash flow divided by revenue. Free cash flow as a percentage of adjusted net earnings equals free cash flow divided by adjusted net earnings.

Organic Revenue Growth: is defined as revenue growth excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rates and the impact of acquisitions and dispositions.

Segment Margin Conversion: is defined as the change in total segment earnings divided by the change in revenue.

The tables included in this presentation provide reconciliations of the non-GAAP measures used in this presentation to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measures. Further information regarding management's use of these non-GAAP measures is included in Dover's earnings release and investor supplement for the quarter.



Performance Measure Definitions

Definitions of Performance Measures:

Bookings represent total orders received from customers in the current reporting period and now exclude de-bookings. For comparability, prior periods were revised to exclude non-binding orders and previously disclosed de-bookings. This metric is an important measure of performance and an indicator of order trends.

Organic Bookings represent bookings excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rates and the impact of acquisitions and dispositions. This metric is an important measure of performance and an indicator of order trends.

Book-to-Bill is a ratio of the amount of bookings received from customers during a period divided by the amount of revenue recorded during that same period. This metric is a useful indicator of demand trends.

We use the above operational metrics in monitoring the performance of the business. We believe the operational metrics are useful to investors and other users of our financial information in assessing the performance of our segments.



